1 JS - 6 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 Allstate Insurance Co., CV 08-3326-RSWL 12 Plaintiff, Judgment Re: Declaratory Relief, Breach of 13 v. Contract Claims, and § 14 11580 Claim Richard Thacher, et al., 15 Defendants. 16 17 18 After consideration of all the arguments presented, 19 20 JUDGEMENT IS HEREBY ENTERED FOR Defendants and Counterclaimants Richard Thacher, Valerie Thacher, and 21 22 Guadalupe Trujillo as set forth below: 23 Judgment Regarding the CPL Policy 24 The jury found that Allstate Insurance Company did not mail a notice of non-renewal of the Comprehensive 25 26 Personal Liability Policy to Richard and Valerie 27 Further, the jury found that the arbitration Thacher. 28 award was neither unreasonable nor the product of fraud or collusion. Finding sufficient evidence to support the jury's findings, the Court will not pierce the jury's findings.

Accordingly, the Court finds that the CPL Policy remained in force at the time of the accident, and finds and declares that Allstate had a duty to defend and indemnify under the CPL Policy.

There is no dispute that Allstate denied coverage under the CPL Policy, refusing to defend or indemnify, and therefore, no conditions apply under the CPL Policy. The insureds, Valerie and Richard Thacher, had no duty to cooperate or provide additional notice or information and were entitled to enter into the arbitration agreement, to accept the covenant not to execute, to stipulate to liability and to agree to arbitrate the amount of damages.

Based on the above findings, the Court finds that Allstate breached the CPL Policy and is liable for the arbitration judgment award under Cal. Ins. Code § 11580.

Therefore, judgment is hereby entered in the following amounts:

(1) Allstate owes to Defendant Thacher \$18,399.59, plus 10% interest per annum, for amounts expended in defense of the Trujillo claim.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>See</u> Cal. Civil Code § 3289(b).

(2) Allstate owes \$100,000 (the CPL Policy limit) to Defendant Trujillo on the § 11580 claim, plus interest at 10% per annum.

- (3) The interest shall be calculated as having begun accruing as of July 14, 2006. Pursuant to Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 3291, the judgment shall bear interest from the date of the first offer pursuant to Section 998 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The Court finds that the § 998 offer of July 14, 2006 is the date from which interest shall accrue on this judgment.
- (4) The Court denies Defendant's request to award \$100,000 to the Thachers for breach of the CPL Policy.<sup>2</sup>

## II. <u>Judgment Regarding the Umbrella Policy</u>

The jury found that Allstate Insurance Company denied coverage under the Personal Umbrella Policy. Further, the jury found that the arbitration award was neither unreasonable nor the product of fraud or collusion. Finding sufficient evidence to support the jury's findings, the Court will not pierce the jury's findings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mr. and Mrs. Thacher's only loss traceable to Allstate's breach is the costs they expended to defend the Trujillo claim. It would create a windfall to award them the amount of the arbitration award when they have no obligation to pay it under the covenant not to execute and Allstate is already liable for that judgment under § 11580. Defendants present no authority to this Court allowing for such a double recovery.

Accordingly, the Court finds that no conditions apply under the Umbrella Policy. The insureds, Valerie and Richard Thacher, had no duty to cooperate or provide additional notice or information and were entitled to enter into the arbitration agreement, to accept the covenant not to execute, to stipulate to liability and to agree to arbitrate the amount of damages.

Based on the above findings, judgment is hereby entered in the following amount:

(1) Allstate owes \$415,093.78 to Defendant Trujillo on the § 11580 claim, plus interest at 10% per annum.<sup>3</sup>

The Court also finds that Allstate did not breach the Umbrella Policy. As explained in the Court's Summary Judgment Order, on this claim, Plaintiff must have actually refused to indemnify Defendant. The Court found that Allstate had not yet breached its duty to indemnify because it has not refused to pay the underlying judgment to Defendants. 4 (Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Counter-Claimants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment [76] at 33-35.) Further, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>See</u> Cal. Code of Civil Procedure 685.010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> At the time of the "denial" no actual judgment was in existence or presented to Allstate. Further, Allstate's position as the excess insurer under the Umbrella Policy creates different implications for "denying coverage" than under its position as the primary insurer.

Court specified in its Order that "[e]ven if the trier of fact finds that Plaintiff's conduct in failing to respond to the claim asserted under the Umbrella Policy constitutes a denial of coverage, that finding is for the purposes of estopping Plaintiff from arguing Defendants did not give it notice and cooperation."

(Id. at 35 n 18.) Additionally, the Court has already found that there was no breach of the duty to defend under the Umbrella Policy.

Nevertheless, this finding does not effect the result that Allstate now owes a duty to indemnify under the Umbrella Policy and is liable for the arbitration award under § 11580.5

## III. <u>Allstate's Equitable Defenses</u>

Based on the above findings, the Court finds that Allstate's equitable defenses fail.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Even if there was a breach under the Umbrella Policy, Defendant's request for \$415,093.78 is denied for the same reasons stated above under the CPL Policy.

IV. <u>Defendants' Request for a Jury Trial on Bad Faith</u> The Court denies Defendants' request for a jury trial on bad faith. Notwithstanding the jury's findings, the Court finds that its ruling dismissing these claims on Summary Judgment was the appropriate disposition for Defendants' bad faith claims. (See Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Counter-Claimants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment [76].) IT IS SO ORDERED. DATED: September 18, 2009 male Swifen HONORABLE RONALD S.W. Senior, U.S. District Court Judge